



# Scripps National Spelling Bee

## 2020-2021 School Spelling Bee Study List

1. gel *(noun)* an elastic and jellylike substance.
2. train *(noun)* a chain of connected railroad cars.
3. sport *(verb)* to wear something with delight or satisfaction.
4. rich *(adjective)* having large amounts of wealth.
5. eel *(noun)* a snakelike fish with smooth skin.
6. fans *(plural noun)* people who enthusiastically support a sport or activity.
7. dome *(noun)* a circular roof or ceiling that is vaulted.
8. tall *(adjective)* above average in height.
9. better *(adjective)* improved in well-being.
10. hit *(verb)* to strike something with an object in order to move it.
11. peanut *(noun)* the edible, oily seed of a plant that ripens to have seed pods each with one to three seeds inside.
12. cake *(noun)* a sweet baked good that is usually covered with icing.
13. bite *(noun)* a snack.
14. noon *(noun)* twelve o'clock : the part of the day when the sun is highest.
15. gummy *(adjective)* sticky and gluey.
16. sting *(verb)* to cause sharp mental suffering.

17.	ray	<i>(noun)</i>	a line of light coming out of a bright object.
18.	dusk	<i>(noun)</i>	the darker part of twilight.
19.	mops	<i>(plural noun)</i>	household devices that consist of rags or yarn attached to a handle and that are used to clean floors.
20.	thanks	<i>(plural noun)</i>	kind thoughts : gratitude.
21.	dash	<i>(noun)</i>	a touch of something.
22.	skin	<i>(noun)</i>	the covering of a fruit.
23.	star	<i>(noun)</i>	an object in the sky that gives off light you can generally only see at night.
24.	began	<i>(verb)</i>	started an action or activity.
25.	grew	<i>(verb)</i>	arose and came into full development.
26.	fine	<i>(adjective)</i>	excellent in character or nature.
27.	day	<i>(noun)</i>	the period of light between sunrise and sunset.
28.	upset	<i>(verb)</i>	to disturb the peace of : to cause emotional distress.
29.	father	<i>(noun)</i>	a male who is also a parent.
30.	jam	<i>(noun)</i>	a sweet thick food made from fruit and sugar.
31.	mugs	<i>(plural noun)</i>	cups with handles used for drinking beverages.
32.	fair	<i>(noun)</i>	an event with games, rides, and other attractions.
33.	dinner	<i>(noun)</i>	the main meal of the day, eaten in the evening.
34.	rats	<i>(plural noun)</i>	members of the rodent family that are larger than mice, sometimes live near humans, and are often considered undesirable pests that can carry disease.
35.	fed	<i>(verb)</i>	gave food to.
36.	sir	<i>(noun)</i>	– used as a form of address showing respect to a person of greater age or authority.
37.	boom	<i>(noun)</i>	a hollow sound that is deep.
38.	wave	<i>(verb)</i>	to move the hands or something held in the hands in order to communicate.

39.	trunk	<i>(noun)</i>	an item of luggage with rigid construction that is generally too big to be carried by one person.
40.	sleepy	<i>(adjective)</i>	feeling ready to rest.
41.	full	<i>(adjective)</i>	holding the maximum amount.
42.	huge	<i>(adjective)</i>	extremely big.
43.	born	<i>(adjective)</i>	having certain qualities from the time of birth.
44.	jumping	<i>(adjective)</i>	given to or characterized by making leaps.
45.	damp	<i>(adjective)</i>	a little bit wet.
46.	from	<i>(preposition)</i>	– used to indicate a starting point when expressing how far one place is in relation to another.
47.	hunch	<i>(noun)</i>	an intuitive feeling that is strong.
48.	each	<i>(adjective)</i>	being one of two or more individuals that make up a group.
49.	shade	<i>(noun)</i>	a place protected from the sun.
50.	ribs	<i>(plural noun)</i>	the curved bony rods found in pairs that occur usually between the neck and the abdomen in mammals and that protect the organs.
51.	forever	<i>(adverb)</i>	for a boundless amount of time : endlessly.
52.	freeze	<i>(verb)</i>	to stay perfectly still.
53.	scorch	<i>(verb)</i>	to destroy or damage with fire or intense heat.
54.	motor	<i>(noun)</i>	an engine that runs on gasoline.
55.	talking	<i>(verb)</i>	saying, uttering.
56.	money	<i>(noun)</i>	something that is used to pay for goods or services.
57.	couch	<i>(noun)</i>	a piece of furniture that one can sit or lie down on.
58.	nibble	<i>(verb)</i>	to bite little pieces at a time.
59.	strands	<i>(plural noun)</i>	pieces of something (such as thread or yarn) that form something that is woven together.
60.	chapter	<i>(noun)</i>	a main section of a book.

61.	chess	<i>(noun)</i>	a two-player game with the objective being to checkmate the opponent's king by moving pieces according to specific rules.
62.	slimy	<i>(adjective)</i>	having a gluey, sticky quality.
63.	squeak	<i>(verb)</i>	to make a cry or sound that is short and shrill.
64.	friend	<i>(noun)</i>	a person whose company is desirable because of the kind feeling or attachment one has for them.
65.	laptop	<i>(noun)</i>	a microcomputer that can be battery-powered and is capable of being easily transported.
66.	movie	<i>(noun)</i>	a string of images appearing very quickly so as to produce the effect of one continuous moving picture.
67.	known	<i>(adjective)</i>	that is understood through the senses or mentally.
68.	suffer	<i>(verb)</i>	to experience pain or distress.
69.	double	<i>(adjective)</i>	twice as many.
70.	watch	<i>(verb)</i>	to look out for someone or something.
71.	ahoy	<i>(interjection)</i>	– used in greeting or beckoning by calling to.
72.	dream	<i>(noun)</i>	a sequence of images or thoughts experienced while sleeping.
73.	whine	<i>(verb)</i>	to make a high-pitched sound that is pained or sad.
74.	beans	<i>(plural noun)</i>	Pods containing seeds that are eaten as vegetables.
75.	child	<i>(noun)</i>	a young person who is not yet an adult.
76.	space	<i>(noun)</i>	the area lying beyond the atmosphere of Earth.
77.	princess	<i>(noun)</i>	a member of a royal family who is female, especially the daughter or granddaughter of a ruler.
78.	piiper	<i>(noun)</i>	a person who performs music on a type of wind instrument.
79.	hear	<i>(verb)</i>	to notice something by use of the ear.
80.	sprint	<i>(verb)</i>	to run at top speed.
81.	awe	<i>(noun)</i>	a feeling of mingled respect and fear.
82.	afar	<i>(adverb)</i>	at or from a great distance.

83.	bowl	<i>(noun)</i>	a round and hollow container.
84.	sweat	<i>(noun)</i>	a salty fluid produced by glands in the skin : perspiration.
85.	cost	<i>(noun)</i>	the amount that is paid for an item or service.
86.	sleek	<i>(adjective)</i>	glossy and smooth.
87.	bottle	<i>(noun)</i>	a rigid or mostly rigid usually plastic or glass container with a small round mouth, no handle, and a cap, screw top, or plug as a lid.
88.	smart	<i>(adjective)</i>	displaying close attention to detail in dressing and appearance.
89.	stared	<i>(verb)</i>	gazed for a long time at something or off into space.
90.	plopped	<i>(verb)</i>	let the body fall down in a heavy manner.
91.	darted	<i>(verb)</i>	moved quickly and suddenly.
92.	angry	<i>(adjective)</i>	feeling or acting full of wrath : mad.
93.	sidekick	<i>(noun)</i>	someone who associates with and assists a person who is usually in a superior position.
94.	stuff	<i>(noun)</i>	various personal possessions, such as clothing.
95.	least	<i>(adjective)</i>	the lowest in terms of rank or importance.
96.	little	<i>(adjective)</i>	tiny.
97.	felt	<i>(noun)</i>	a type of cloth made of fibers of wool and fur that are combined through heat, pressure, moisture, or chemicals.
98.	summer	<i>(noun)</i>	the season that consists of June, July, and August.
99.	carefully	<i>(adverb)</i>	cautiously.
100.	would	<i>(verb)</i>	– used to indicate determination when paired with a verb.
101.	shambles	<i>(plural noun)</i>	a highly disorganized scene.
102.	taillight	<i>(noun)</i>	a red lamp on the back of an automobile.
103.	quicken	<i>(verb)</i>	to cause to come to life.
104.	presence	<i>(noun)</i>	the state of actually being somewhere.

105.	sizzle	<i>(verb)</i>	to make a noise that sounds like a hiss.
106.	hatchling	<i>(noun)</i>	an animal that has just emerged from an egg.
107.	razz	<i>(verb)</i>	to make fun of.
108.	followed	<i>(verb)</i>	went behind someone or something on the same path.
109.	purple	<i>(adjective)</i>	of a color that is between blue and red.
110.	entire	<i>(adjective)</i>	having nothing removed or left out : whole.
111.	December	<i>(noun)</i>	the 12th month.
112.	sudden	<i>(adjective)</i>	changing unexpectedly : abrupt.
113.	slither	<i>(verb)</i>	to glide in a snakelike way.
114.	combed	<i>(verb)</i>	made straight : arranged properly.
115.	patrol	<i>(verb)</i>	to cover a police beat either by walking or driving it.
116.	epic	<i>(adjective)</i>	going far beyond the typical or the ordinary.
117.	vital	<i>(adjective)</i>	of the highest importance.
118.	pocket	<i>(noun)</i>	a cloth pouch with an open end sewed on a piece of clothing.
119.	project	<i>(verb)</i>	to jut out past a certain point.
120.	goofy	<i>(adjective)</i>	silly.
121.	insisted	<i>(verb)</i>	strongly maintained a certain position.
122.	remember	<i>(verb)</i>	to call to mind once more.
123.	travel	<i>(verb)</i>	to go from one place to another : to go on a journey.
124.	cranky	<i>(adjective)</i>	subject to ill temper or impatience : irritable.
125.	career	<i>(noun)</i>	a job for which a person trains, with plans to pursue it for the rest of their life.
126.	disease	<i>(noun)</i>	sickness, illness.
127.	trophy	<i>(noun)</i>	a physical award given to recognize the winner in a contest.

128.	theater <b>OR</b> theatre	<i>(noun)</i>	a structure where dramatic performances are presented, usually with a stage and an auditorium.
129.	athlete	<i>(noun)</i>	a person skilled at physical activities or sports.
130.	jotted	<i>(verb)</i>	wrote quickly and informally.
131.	swirled	<i>(verb)</i>	had a coil, winding, or twist.
132.	amount	<i>(noun)</i>	the sum total.
133.	sighed	<i>(verb)</i>	exhaled audibly in order to express various emotions such as tiredness, regret, grief, or relief.
134.	sheen	<i>(noun)</i>	a surface glow of reflected light.
135.	worse	<i>(adjective)</i>	more sick.
136.	sandwich	<i>(noun)</i>	two pieces of bread with meat or cheese or a mixture of foods placed between them.
137.	duo	<i>(noun)</i>	a pair.
138.	gleaming	<i>(adjective)</i>	luminous with indirect or reflected light.
139.	repress	<i>(verb)</i>	to bring under control by force or power.
140.	clothes	<i>(plural noun)</i>	the garments and accessories worn by a person.
141.	either	<i>(adjective)</i>	one or the other of a pair.
142.	rely	<i>(verb)</i>	to trust.
143.	chose	<i>(verb)</i>	selected one thing instead of another.
144.	belle	<i>(noun)</i>	a charming, attractive, popular woman.
145.	else	<i>(adjective)</i>	indicating something additional.
146.	picture	<i>(noun)</i>	a depiction (as of a building, person, or landscape) on paper, canvas, or another material created by drawing, painting, photography, or engraving.
147.	prepare	<i>(verb)</i>	to make something ready in advance.
148.	percent	<i>(adjective)</i>	calculated on the basis of something whole that is split into one hundred pieces.
149.	afraid	<i>(adjective)</i>	fearful.

150.	rescue	<i>(verb)</i>	to save from danger or evil.
151.	antsy	<i>(adjective)</i>	unable to stay still: jumpy or fidgety.
152.	hover	<i>(verb)</i>	to float over something.
153.	billow	<i>(verb)</i>	to move in wave-like surges.
154.	posh	<i>(adjective)</i>	extremely luxurious or exquisite.
155.	Canada	<i>(geographical entry)</i>	a North American country that stretches from the northern border of the United States to the Arctic, from the Atlantic to the Pacific.
156.	toga	<i>(noun)</i>	a long cloth first worn as a garment by citizens of ancient Rome.
157.	bison	<i>(noun)</i>	a large, shaggy cowlike mammal with short horns and a hump.
158.	strum	<i>(verb)</i>	to play a stringed musical instrument.
159.	dangerous	<i>(adjective)</i>	involving risk : requiring caution.
160.	pluck	<i>(verb)</i>	to yank or pick out.
161.	squid	<i>(noun)</i>	a type of 10-armed sea animal having a highly developed head, prehensile suckers or hooks, and the ability to swim rapidly by means of shooting a jet of water.
162.	Frisbee	<i>(trademark)</i>	– used for a thin circular object made of plastic that is thrown between two or more people.
163.	teeter	<i>(verb)</i>	to move in a wobbly or unsteady way.
164.	chives	<i>(plural noun)</i>	plants related to onions that are used to add flavor to food.
165.	rallies	<i>(verb)</i>	regains strength or comes back in an athletic contest.
166.	pastry	<i>(noun)</i>	an individual piece of a type of sweet good that is made of baked dough.
167.	coveralls	<i>(plural noun)</i>	clothes worn over others to protect them, generally consisting of shirts and loose trousers joined together.
168.	ponytail	<i>(noun)</i>	a hairstyle where all the hair is pulled back and meant to look like the long hairs on the end of a horse.
169.	clatter	<i>(noun)</i>	a loud noise as of solid objects colliding.



170.	snout	<i>(noun)</i>	the lengthy projecting nose of any of several mammals, such as the pig.
171.	tumbling	<i>(noun)</i>	the sport of performing the gymnastic skills of turning and rolling.
172.	cradle	<i>(noun)</i>	a bed that typically rocks and is designed for use by a baby.
173.	firefly	<i>(noun)</i>	a flying insect that emits intermittent light.
174.	serious	<i>(adjective)</i>	grave in demeanor, personality, or appearance.
175.	banners	<i>(plural noun)</i>	strips of cloth with messages or signs painted on them.
176.	humor	<i>(verb)</i>	to soothe by indulging.
	<b>OR</b> humour		
177.	mention	<i>(noun)</i>	a brief acknowledgment or citation.
178.	spoken	<i>(adjective)</i>	delivered by word of mouth.
179.	record	<i>(noun)</i>	a statement in writing giving the details of an event.
180.	bridge	<i>(noun)</i>	something that is built over a low spot or obstacle in order to travel over it.
181.	pinpoint	<i>(verb)</i>	to determine the place of with exceptional accuracy.
182.	wisdom	<i>(noun)</i>	information gained over time.
183.	slate	<i>(noun)</i>	a flat stone tile used for roofing and siding.
184.	drape	<i>(verb)</i>	to cover loosely with a cloth.
185.	countless	<i>(adjective)</i>	too many to be tallied : a great number.
186.	hideout	<i>(noun)</i>	a haven, unseen shelter, or safe harbor.
187.	ruins	<i>(plural noun)</i>	remnants of things that have been demolished.
188.	Mexico	<i>(geographical entry)</i>	a country in southern North America.
189.	glazed	<i>(verb)</i>	became shiny like glass in appearance.
190.	scanner	<i>(noun)</i>	a device that makes a digital copy of an image or document.
191.	oncoming	<i>(adjective)</i>	approaching.
192.	flimsy	<i>(adjective)</i>	not sturdy : weak.

193.	launch	<i>(verb)</i>	to fling something with great effort.
194.	rubble	<i>(noun)</i>	fractured pieces of rock and other materials produced by the deterioration or demolition of a building.
195.	tourists	<i>(plural noun)</i>	people who journey from one place to another for knowledge or enjoyment.
196.	laughter	<i>(noun)</i>	the sound of air being expelled from the lungs in the expression of an emotion (such as joy).
197.	window	<i>(noun)</i>	an opening in a wall or door that usually contains a sheet of glass and that allows light and air in and permits viewing.
198.	meeting	<i>(noun)</i>	a coming together of people in a group for a specific purpose.
199.	plush	<i>(adjective)</i>	markedly extravagant, lavish, or effortless : exceptional of its kind.
200.	helmet	<i>(noun)</i>	a hard, protective head covering.
201.	whimper	<i>(verb)</i>	to whine softly.
202.	bracelet	<i>(noun)</i>	a chain worn around the wrist for ornamentation.
203.	inwardly	<i>(adverb)</i>	internally : privately to one's self.
204.	mobility	<i>(noun)</i>	the ease with which a person or thing can move.
205.	eddy	<i>(noun)</i>	a small swirl of air or water moving against the main current.
206.	fanged	<i>(adjective)</i>	having the long sharp teeth of certain predatory animals, or being shaped like such teeth.
207.	bough	<i>(noun)</i>	a tree branch.
208.	listlessly	<i>(adverb)</i>	in a spiritless, languid manner.
209.	cautioned	<i>(verb)</i>	warned about a danger.
210.	flurry	<i>(noun)</i>	an instance of many things happening at once.
211.	glisten	<i>(verb)</i>	to shine: to sparkle.
212.	accuse	<i>(verb)</i>	to charge with a wrong.
213.	drowsy	<i>(adjective)</i>	sleepy.
214.	scoff	<i>(verb)</i>	to speak with contempt or ridicule.

215.	opposite	<i>(adjective)</i>	contrary : utterly different.
216.	instrument	<i>(noun)</i>	a device that is used to make music.
217.	blissfully	<i>(adverb)</i>	in a manner indicating absolute happiness.
218.	coarse	<i>(adjective)</i>	rough or crude in form or design.
219.	activists	<i>(plural noun)</i>	people who agitate and organize to achieve particular political goals.
220.	commute	<i>(verb)</i>	to journey back and forth between locations often or regularly.
221.	cocoa	<i>(noun)</i>	a warm drink of chocolate powder and water or milk.
222.	nutrients	<i>(plural noun)</i>	substances that nourish or promote growth or development.
223.	scarcely	<i>(adverb)</i>	just barely.
224.	stretcher	<i>(noun)</i>	a carrying device used to transport the dead, sick, or injured.
225.	lair	<i>(plural noun)</i>	places where wild animals live.
226.	hybrid	<i>(adjective)</i>	having a blend of traits from two different traditions or cultures.
227.	mustard	<i>(noun)</i>	a strong yellow condiment made of crushed seeds made into a paste.
228.	cruel	<i>(adjective)</i>	stern, harsh, and without pity or softness.
229.	schedule	<i>(noun)</i>	a list of events or activities marked with when each will take place.
230.	goblins	<i>(plural noun)</i>	fairy creatures, generally ugly and threatening.
231.	splutter	<i>(verb)</i>	to speak in a hasty or confused fashion.
232.	convince	<i>(verb)</i>	to get someone to agree or believe by arguing a point.
233.	grateful	<i>(adjective)</i>	expressing gratitude : wanting to give thanks.
234.	gesture	<i>(noun)</i>	a movement of the body that communicates an idea.
235.	formation	<i>(noun)</i>	a group of troops arranged in a particular order.
236.	previous	<i>(adjective)</i>	occurring earlier or before.
237.	imposing	<i>(adjective)</i>	commanding attention due to magnificence, stature, size, or scope.

238.	complicated	<i>(adjective)</i>	not easy to understand.
239.	unnoticed	<i>(adjective)</i>	not observed or recognized.
240.	agreement	<i>(noun)</i>	a plan or course of action that two or more people have decided upon.
241.	dappled	<i>(adjective)</i>	spotted or speckled.
242.	rustle	<i>(verb)</i>	to cause low, distinct sounds by moving.
243.	chef	<i>(noun)</i>	a skilled cook who leads a kitchen, its staff, and its operations in a restaurant or other business.
244.	crease	<i>(noun)</i>	a line or groove left in a flexible material through folding.
245.	whales	<i>(plural noun)</i>	very large aquatic mammals that look like fish.
246.	mislead	<i>(verb)</i>	to guide in an incorrect direction or into a mistaken belief or action : to deceive.
247.	subtitles	<i>(plural noun)</i>	written translations of foreign language dialogue projected at the bottom of the screen of a motion picture.
248.	fragment	<i>(noun)</i>	a portion broken off from a whole.
249.	retreat	<i>(verb)</i>	to fall back or retire from a position.
250.	implore	<i>(verb)</i>	to beseech.
251.	lento	<i>(adverb)</i>	in a slow way — used as a direction in music.
252.	Scandinavia	<i>(geographical entry)</i>	Sweden, Norway, and Denmark.
253.	haggis	<i>(noun)</i>	a soft, sausage-like food popular in Scotland made of parts of a sheep or calf mixed with suet, onions, oats, and seasonings and boiled in a bag.
254.	dolce	<i>(noun)</i>	a dessert that is sweet.
255.	opus	<i>(noun)</i>	a musical composition.
256.	pedestrian	<i>(noun)</i>	a person who walks rather than using other transportation.
257.	snorkels	<i>(plural noun)</i>	plastic tubes for breathing with a mouthpiece at one end and a valve at the other, used when swimming at the surface with the face under the water.
258.	lullaby	<i>(noun)</i>	a tune to calm children or cause them to sleep or rest peacefully.

259.	FORTRAN	<i>(noun)</i>	a language in computer programming resembling algebra in its notation and frequently used in science.
260.	tangents	<i>(plural noun)</i>	digressions.
261.	expression	<i>(noun)</i>	a meaningful phrase or word.
262.	violin	<i>(noun)</i>	a small four-stringed instrument that is held on the shoulder and played with a bow.
263.	binary	<i>(adjective)</i>	having to do with a number system that has two as its base.
264.	semicolon	<i>(noun)</i>	a punctuation mark used to separate parts of a sentence.
265.	patent	<i>(adjective)</i>	easy to see or understand : obvious.
266.	incantations	<i>(plural noun)</i>	charms or spells that are sung or said while performing magic or during rituals.
267.	treble	<i>(noun)</i>	the voice part that is the highest in vocal music.
268.	Baltic	<i>(adjective)</i>	having to do with Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania.
269.	ventured	<i>(verb)</i>	dared to meet, attempt, or start something.
270.	deities	<i>(plural noun)</i>	goddesses or gods.
271.	feta	<i>(noun)</i>	a white cheese that is created from the milk of goats or sheep and preserved in salt water.
272.	proverb	<i>(noun)</i>	a common saying that is short and has a message.
273.	indecipherable	<i>(adjective)</i>	unable to be made out or understood.
274.	podium	<i>(noun)</i>	a platform or pedestal that is raised.
275.	terraced	<i>(adjective)</i>	organized into a row of houses or apartments situated on a slope.
276.	Aztec	<i>(noun)</i>	a people that founded a Mexican empire.
277.	laboratory	<i>(noun)</i>	a place to perform scientific experiments.
278.	sinister	<i>(adjective)</i>	evil or suggestive of evil.
279.	runes	<i>(plural noun)</i>	marks that are part of an ancient Scandinavian alphabet.
280.	ancestors	<i>(plural noun)</i>	people from whom one is descended and who are often more distant than a grandparent.

281.	convulsive	<i>(adjective)</i>	producing or characterized by violent, spasmodic muscle contractions.
282.	jasper	<i>(noun)</i>	a type of quartz that is not see-through and can be many colors.
283.	berth	<i>(noun)</i>	a place to sleep or sit.
284.	deference	<i>(noun)</i>	a yielding of opinion or preference out of respect for someone else's position or opinion.
285.	detergent	<i>(noun)</i>	a substance designed for cleaning.
286.	sheathed	<i>(verb)</i>	enclosed a blade or other instrument in its tightly fitted case.
287.	mantle	<i>(noun)</i>	a loose garment without sleeves that is worn over clothes.
288.	streamlet	<i>(noun)</i>	a body of running water that is little.
289.	strait	<i>(noun)</i>	a relatively narrow channel linking two sizeable bodies of water.
290.	congratulate	<i>(verb)</i>	to wish joy to.
291.	fountain	<i>(noun)</i>	the framework from which a spurt of water ascends.
292.	curtly	<i>(adverb)</i>	marked by a rude or almost rude shortness of speech.
293.	garish	<i>(adjective)</i>	flashy to the point of tastelessness.
294.	gilded	<i>(adjective)</i>	covered with gold, or appearing as such.
295.	contingent	<i>(noun)</i>	the troops provided by one participant in an allied military action.
296.	swerve	<i>(verb)</i>	to depart from a straight course.
297.	president	<i>(noun)</i>	the officer who presides over a body of government, such as a legislative assembly, council, or administrative board.
298.	depths	<i>(plural noun)</i>	the parts that extend the furthest down.
299.	Oregon	<i>(geographical entry)</i>	a state in the northwestern United States that extends to the Pacific.
300.	purpose	<i>(noun)</i>	an outcome to be kept in sight in a plan or operation.
301.	cladding	<i>(verb)</i>	putting clothes on.
302.	scallion	<i>(noun)</i>	a small green onion, usually eaten raw.

303.	stealthily	<i>(adverb)</i>	in a manner designed to evade observation : secretive.
304.	warden	<i>(noun)</i>	someone who takes care of or has the charge of something : guardian.
305.	copious	<i>(adjective)</i>	plentiful.
306.	hurtle	<i>(verb)</i>	to rush along : to move at great speeds.
307.	fester	<i>(verb)</i>	to decay : to show signs of serious deterioration.
308.	intoxicating	<i>(adjective)</i>	causing excitement from joy or happiness.
309.	outlandish	<i>(adjective)</i>	highly unusual or unfamiliar.
310.	porcupine	<i>(noun)</i>	a fairly large rodent with sharp bristles that are able to stand up mixed in with its fur.
311.	lurching	<i>(verb)</i>	staggering.
312.	ineffective	<i>(adjective)</i>	not able to perform a required task : incapable.
313.	trough	<i>(noun)</i>	a long, large, shallow container used particularly to hold food or water for domestic animals.
314.	parchment	<i>(noun)</i>	a thin sheet of a type of paper made for recording writing.
315.	leach	<i>(verb)</i>	to dissolve out or remove through the action of a liquid.
316.	wrath	<i>(noun)</i>	a feeling of great anger.
317.	corporate	<i>(adjective)</i>	relating to a group of people that carry on commercial or industrial business.
318.	propane	<i>(noun)</i>	a highly flammable gas that is primarily used as fuel and for making chemicals.
319.	dissuade	<i>(verb)</i>	to successfully encourage a person not to do something by reasoning with them.
320.	profusion	<i>(noun)</i>	a lavish quantity : a huge amount.
321.	appalling	<i>(adjective)</i>	causing dismay, shock, or offense.
322.	divulge	<i>(verb)</i>	to reveal, especially something secret.
323.	meditation	<i>(noun)</i>	a solitary practice involving reflection on a religious topic.
324.	franchise	<i>(noun)</i>	the right bestowed on an individual or group by a company to sell that company's goods in a specific region.

325.	pretentious	<i>(adjective)</i>	making claims of being superior : having an exaggerated sense of self-importance.
326.	embellishes	<i>(verb)</i>	makes attractive with adornments : decorates.
327.	appropriate	<i>(verb)</i>	to set aside for a particular purpose and none other.
328.	rummages	<i>(verb)</i>	thoroughly searches through.
329.	constricting	<i>(verb)</i>	causing to become narrower (such as a mouth or tunnel).
330.	inevitable	<i>(adjective)</i>	certain to occur.
331.	engrossed	<i>(adjective)</i>	totally absorbed or occupied.
332.	strife	<i>(noun)</i>	a state of distrust, or conflict that can be bitter and violent.
333.	hindmost	<i>(adjective)</i>	last : the farthest back.
334.	eviction	<i>(noun)</i>	the legal process of removing a person from property.
335.	protruding	<i>(verb)</i>	projecting beyond the surrounding surface.
336.	substantial	<i>(adjective)</i>	rather large in number, worth, or value.
337.	hooey	<i>(noun)</i>	nonsense : something that is absurd.
338.	blight	<i>(noun)</i>	something that upsets one's plans or dashes one's hopes.
339.	fronds	<i>(plural noun)</i>	fern leaves.
340.	authority	<i>(noun)</i>	the power to presume obedience from someone or something.
341.	minimize OR minimise	<i>(verb)</i>	to lessen to the smallest degree possible.
342.	flamingos OR flamingoes	<i>(plural noun)</i>	aquatic birds with long legs and necks, webbed feet, beaks sharply bent downward, and which are usually rosy-white in color.
343.	mechanics	<i>(plural noun)</i>	people who are adept in the operation or construction of machinery.
344.	bankrupt	<i>(adjective)</i>	declared legally unable to pay debts and with any assets seized by the courts to be shared among creditors.
345.	insurance	<i>(noun)</i>	a method of protecting assets against a potential loss as dictated by certain conditions and provided for a set amount of money.



346.	dismayed	<i>(verb)</i>	worried : upset.
347.	offspring	<i>(noun)</i>	the result or product of something.
348.	pillage	<i>(verb)</i>	to loot.
349.	anguish	<i>(noun)</i>	extreme pain or distress.
350.	increments	<i>(plural noun)</i>	expansions or growths in size, number, or value.
351.	Odin	<i>(noun)</i>	the supreme god in Norse mythology.
352.	parishioner	<i>(noun)</i>	a person who belongs to or is part of a local church community.
353.	astrologers	<i>(plural noun)</i>	people who tell the future by looking at how the position of the stars in the sky supposedly affects people's lives and events on Earth.
354.	devout	<i>(adjective)</i>	religious, pious.
355.	shrike	<i>(noun)</i>	a gray or brownish insect-eating bird with a hooked bill that often uses thorns to impale its prey.
356.	Vancouver	<i>(geographical entry)</i>	a city in British Columbia, Canada.
357.	conjure	<i>(verb)</i>	to bring into reality as if by magic.
358.	stalagmite	<i>(noun)</i>	a mineral deposit growing up from the floor of a cave.
359.	traitorous	<i>(adjective)</i>	having the qualities of a person who betrays another.
360.	condominium	<i>(noun)</i>	a building that consists of multiple privately owned apartments or units.
361.	impenetrable	<i>(adjective)</i>	impossible to breach or enter.
362.	intercede	<i>(verb)</i>	to mediate between differing parties.
363.	defector	<i>(noun)</i>	someone who permanently leaves a party, cause, or doctrine, often in favor of another.
364.	livery	<i>(noun)</i>	distinctive clothing, such as that worn by people in a certain job.
365.	scuttlebutt	<i>(noun)</i>	gossip.
366.	battalion	<i>(noun)</i>	an army.
367.	chalet	<i>(noun)</i>	a residential building that resembles a type of Swiss house featuring decorative carved beams, balconies, and a sizeable roof overhang.

368.	Lutheran	<i>(adjective)</i>	relating to the German priest Martin ____ and his teachings.
369.	roiling	<i>(verb)</i>	stirring up.
370.	psychiatrist	<i>(noun)</i>	a doctor who specializes in treating behavioral, mental, or emotional issues and disorders.
371.	disconcerting	<i>(adjective)</i>	embarrassing.
372.	Jesuit	<i>(noun)</i>	a man who belongs to a religious society founded by St. Ignatius Loyola in 1534.
373.	fodder	<i>(noun)</i>	a resource or inspiration for artistic work.
374.	sinuously	<i>(adverb)</i>	in an agile, powerful manner.
375.	irreversible	<i>(adjective)</i>	impossible to take back or cancel out.
376.	barricade	<i>(noun)</i>	an object or objects placed so as to prevent entry or passage.
377.	moustache OR mustache	<i>(noun)</i>	hair that grows on a person's upper lip.
378.	unprepossessing	<i>(adjective)</i>	producing a negative or neutral first impression.
379.	bipolar	<i>(adjective)</i>	affected by a mood disorder that causes experiences of depression and mania that alternate.
380.	torpid	<i>(adjective)</i>	lacking vigor.
381.	featherbrained	<i>(adjective)</i>	foolish.
382.	immoderate	<i>(adjective)</i>	beyond reasonable limits : extravagant.
383.	arrayed	<i>(verb)</i>	dressed in impressive or magnificent clothing.
384.	countenance	<i>(noun)</i>	the expression on one's face.
385.	scepter OR sceptre	<i>(noun)</i>	a ceremonial royal staff.
386.	scourge	<i>(noun)</i>	a cause of great suffering.
387.	irreverent	<i>(adjective)</i>	marked by a somewhat saucy, undisciplined, or vivacious manner.
388.	apparition	<i>(noun)</i>	a specter or ghost.
389.	dosages	<i>(plural noun)</i>	the amounts of medicines ordered by a physician for the treatment of illness.

390.	superintendent	<i>(noun)</i>	someone who is in charge of the operations and direction of an institution, place, department, or organization.
391.	exhalation	<i>(noun)</i>	an outward breath.
392.	discord	<i>(noun)</i>	a state of conflict or lack of agreement.
393.	clamorous	<i>(adjective)</i>	characterized by din: noisy.
394.	grimaces	<i>(verb)</i>	makes a deliberate facial expression in order to convey a feeling such as contempt.
395.	inheritance	<i>(noun)</i>	the receipt of property upon the owner's death.
396.	plumage	<i>(noun)</i>	all of a bird's feathers.
397.	epaulet	<i>(noun)</i>	a gold decorative fringed shoulder pad on a uniform.
	<b>OR</b> epaulette		
398.	propound	<i>(verb)</i>	to put forward for consideration.
399.	chauffeurs	<i>(plural noun)</i>	people who transport other people by driving cars.
400.	disconsolate	<i>(adjective)</i>	despairingly sad.
401.	testosterone	<i>(noun)</i>	a type of hormone found in males.
402.	minivets	<i>(plural noun)</i>	brightly colored birds that feed mostly on insects and are often red and black (males) or yellow and gray (females).
403.	proscenium	<i>(noun)</i>	the wall that divides a theater's stage from the auditorium.
404.	politesse	<i>(noun)</i>	formal decorous or socially correct behavior.
405.	chanteuse	<i>(noun)</i>	a female singer.
406.	arrondissement	<i>(noun)</i>	an administrative district in some large cities in France.
407.	carabinieri	<i>(plural noun)</i>	individuals who form the Italian national police force.
408.	tamarisk	<i>(noun)</i>	a shrub or tree with extremely small flowers and tiny leaves that are like scales.
409.	liana	<i>(noun)</i>	a woody or herbaceous plant that has roots in the ground but climbs like a vine.
410.	sibilant	<i>(adjective)</i>	containing or making the sound of the /s/ or the /sh/ in sash.
411.	au revoir	<i>(noun)</i>	good-bye.

412.	bitumen	<i>(noun)</i>	any of several combinations of hydrocarbons (such as tar) that exist in nature or are gathered as residues from refining materials in nature.
413.	sacristy	<i>(noun)</i>	a room in a church that contains sacred items and clothing.
414.	Salzkammergut	<i>(geographical entry)</i>	a resort area in the north of Austria, situated east of Salzburg and harboring well-known deposits of salt.
415.	frisson	<i>(noun)</i>	a shiver or trembling; especially : a pleasing sensation of fear or dread : a thrill.
416.	Aachen	<i>(geographical entry)</i>	a German city in the western part of the country, close to the borders with the Netherlands and Belgium.
417.	oriole	<i>(noun)</i>	any of several New World songbirds that are brightly colored, the males usually being black and orange or yellow and the females either gray and yellow or olive-brown.
418.	Ganges	<i>(geographical entry)</i>	a river in northern India that empties into the Bay of Bengal.
419.	niagara	<i>(noun)</i>	a deluge.
420.	carrion	<i>(noun)</i>	the decaying flesh of a dead animal.
421.	samosas	<i>(plural noun)</i>	fried pastries that are stuffed with vegetables or spiced meat and shaped like small triangles.
422.	chalice	<i>(noun)</i>	a cup for drinking.
423.	necromancer	<i>(noun)</i>	a person who engages in the practice of raising the dead through magic.
424.	proffered	<i>(verb)</i>	presented for approval : proposed for acceptance.
425.	colonel	<i>(noun)</i>	an officer in the army, marines, or air force with a rank below brigadier general.
426.	subaltern	<i>(noun)</i>	a person who is a subordinate or who is lesser in some characteristic or aspect.
427.	Etruscan	<i>(adjective)</i>	having to do with an ancient country in Italy, its residents, or its culture.
428.	cloisters	<i>(plural noun)</i>	covered walkways each usually with one side walled and the other open to a courtyard and that are often found in monasteries or colleges.
429.	redound	<i>(verb)</i>	to affect the reputation of.
430.	Benedictine	<i>(noun)</i>	a person who belongs to a scholarly monastic order that began in the 6th century and is notable particularly for its liturgical worship.

431.	arcane	<i>(adjective)</i>	mysterious.
432.	soleil	<i>(adjective)</i>	polished with a high gloss or sheen.
433.	copse	<i>(noun)</i>	a grove of small trees that are frequently cut.
434.	scabbard	<i>(noun)</i>	a closely fitted case for a blade.
435.	courtiers	<i>(plural noun)</i>	gentlemen who are frequently in attendance at a royal house.
436.	assuage	<i>(verb)</i>	to calm down : to soothe or make less upset.
437.	adjutant	<i>(adjective)</i>	assisting.
438.	inexorably	<i>(adverb)</i>	unyieldingly.
439.	disgorged	<i>(verb)</i>	emptied.
440.	Algiers	<i>(geographical entry)</i>	the capital of Algeria, a port city on the Bay of ____ (an inlet of the Mediterranean Sea).
441.	primavera	<i>(adjective)</i>	served with a selection of fresh vegetables – usually used postpositively.
442.	souterrain	<i>(noun)</i>	a path or room that is underground.
443.	knickerbockers	<i>(plural noun)</i>	pants that are knee-length, loose-fitting, and gathered at the knee with a band.
444.	litany	<i>(noun)</i>	a recitation with the repetitive or echoing nature of a ritualized repetition of prayers.
445.	unsullied	<i>(adjective)</i>	spotless, untarnished.
446.	Carthusian	<i>(noun)</i>	someone who belongs to a strict, ascetic religious order founded in 1084.
447.	maharaja OR maharajah	<i>(noun)</i>	a high-ranking Hindu ruler of one of the former territorial divisions of India.
448.	Upanishads OR Upanisads	<i>(plural noun)</i>	ancient treatises written in Vedic that deal with philosophical topics.
449.	arret	<i>(noun)</i>	a decision made by a court or a sovereign.
450.	marquee	<i>(adjective)</i>	having the star power of someone who is famous.